



**Forest
History**



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In 1989, this program was established to buy and develop land for recreation, wildlife habitat, fisheries and natural areas:

- A. Smokey's Friends Group
 - B. Department of Natural Resources
 - C. Knowles-Nelson Stewardship Program
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- C.** Knowles-Nelson Stewardship Program was established and authorized in 1989 to issue up to \$250 million in state bonds to buy and develop land for recreational, wildlife, fisheries and natural areas.

In 1871, pulpwood production in Wisconsin began when an Appleton paper mill began using ground wood pulp from this kind of tree:

- A. Aspen
 - B. Oak
 - C. Birch
-
- A.** Aspen

The State Constitution was amended in 1924 to legalize:

- A. Building sawmills on rivers
 - B. Forestry
 - C. Spraying for gypsy moth control
-
- B.** The State Constitution was amended in 1924 to legalize forestry. Also passed was an amendment that provided for a tax on property to fund forestry programs.

This major fire in 1871 caused more than 1,200 deaths and more than 1.25 million acres of forestland burned:

- A. Chicago Fire
 - B. Peshtigo fire
 - C. Pewaukee Fire
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- B.** The Peshtigo fire. If you are in the area, be sure to visit the Peshtigo Fire Museum. The museum was dedicated in 1971, 100 years after the fire.

The first County Forest was established in:

- A. Langlade County
 - B. Jefferson County
 - C. Milwaukee County
-
- A.** Langlade County established the first county forest and entered the land under the County Forest Reserve Law of 1927.

The Nicolet National Forest in Wisconsin was named for:

- A. A paper company
 - B. A mineral found in the area
 - C. A French explorer in the 1600s
-
- C.** Both the Chequamegon and the Nicolet National Forests were established by presidential proclamations in 1933. The Nicolet is named after Jean Nicolet, a French explorer who came to the Great Lakes Region in the 1600s to promote fur trading with the American Indians. The name Chequamegon is derived from an Ojibway word meaning "place of shallow water," and refers to Lake Superior's Chequamegon Bay. The two National Forests were combined into the Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest in the 1990s.



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The first museum built as a replica of this industry is constructed in Rhinelander in 1932. It is still used today.

- A. Logging
 - B. Forest Fire Control
 - C. Paul Bunyan
-
- A.** The logging era of the late 1800s. Also on the same site is a museum dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps program of the 1930s.

Wisconsin sent its first crews out West in 1973 to:

- A. Fight fires.
 - B. Fight gypsy moth infestations
 - C. Replant trees
-
- A.** Wisconsin sent its first fire crews out West in 1973. Since that time, DNR has sent many fire crews out West.

In 1915, this was used for the first time to help detect forest fires:

- A. A satellite
 - B. An airplane
 - C. A fire lookout tower
-
- B.** In 1915, an aviator, Jack Vilas, from Chicago offered his services and use of a "Curtis Flying Boat" to detect forest fires. His offer was accepted by E.M. Griffith, the first Chief State Forester in Wisconsin.

This group was formed in 1979:

- A. Wisconsin Forest Products Council
 - B. Wisconsin Woodland Owners Association (WWOA)
 - C. The Young Woodticks
-
- B.** WWOA (Wisconsin Woodland Owners Association) was formed in 1979. For the first time, Wisconsin had an organization representing the non-industrial forest landowners.

This college was the first in the nation to offer a major in conservation:

- A. University of Wisconsin-Madison
 - B. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point
 - C. Northland College
-
- B.** University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point was called the Central States Teacher's College when it became the first college in the nation with a major in conservation in the mid-1940s. The University of Wisconsin Board of Regents in 1966 approved a major in forestry at the UW-Stevens Point and UW-Madison.

This program began in 1991 when DNR was authorized to assist communities in building sustainable tree care programs:

- A. Urban Forestry Program
 - B. Tree City USA
 - C. Trees For Tomorrow
-
- A.** The Urban Forestry Program



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Jacob Frank built this Wisconsin first in 1809 on the Fox River near present day DePere:

- A. First lumber camp
- B. First sawmill
- C. First tree farm

B. In 1809 the first sawmill in the state was built by Jacob Franks, on the Fox River. In 1840, the first fleet of lumber rafts went down the Wisconsin River from a sawmill at Biron.

The first strike of sawmill workers occurred at the Eau Claire Lumber Company in 1881 and was referred to in national news media as:

- A. Wood Workers Unite
- B. The Great Sawyer Strike
- C. The "Sawdust War"

C. The "Sawdust War"

German biologist Ernest Hackel coined this word in 1866:

- A. Ecology
- B. Forestry
- C. Biosphere

A. Ecology

This 1871 event remains the worst natural disaster in US history:

- A. The Peshtigo Fire
- B. The Great Earthquake
- C. The Famous Tornado

A. On October 8, 1871 (the same date as the Great Chicago Fire) the worst recorded forest fire in North American history raged through Northeastern Wisconsin and Upper Michigan, destroying millions of dollars worth of property and timberland, and taking between 1,200 and 2,400 lives. Due to the extensive population loss and the absolute, total destruction of the village, the disaster was dubbed "The Great Peshtigo Fire."

In 1961, Wisconsin Legislature enacted this long-range program to acquire and improve the state recreational facilities:

- A. Outdoor Recreation Action Program
- B. Smokey's Friends Group
- C. Department of Natural Resources

A. The Outdoor Recreation Action Program (ORAP) was funded through a tax on cigarettes and was the first program of its kind in the nation.

This day was inaugurated in 1914:

- A. Smokey Bear's birthday
- B. National Fire Prevention Day
- C. Arbor Day

B. National Fire Prevention Day. National Fire Prevention Week originated on October 9, 1911, when the International Fire Marshals Association sponsored the first National Fire Prevention Day. For more than 70 years, the National Fire Protection Association has officially sponsored and selected the theme for the national commemoration of Fire Prevention Week, honoring the anniversary of the Great Chicago Fire and using the event to increase awareness of the dangers of fire.